

# Remote Management Guide for Smart Radio

## Advanced Mesh Router for Private Wireless Networks

### Introduction

The Smart Radio runs the Mesh Rider OS. It is a customized version of Openwrt with enhancements useful for applications requiring low-latency command-and-control transmission and high-throughput video - e.g. UAV and robotics.

The purpose of this guide is to aide a user in remotely configuring Smart Radio settings. There are four ways to configure the Smart Radio.

1. Using the Web GUI
2. [Using SSH](#)
3. [Using the JSON-RPC API](#)
4. [Using SNMP](#)

A full technical discussion of all of the different configuration parameters of the Openwrt system is beyond the scope of this guide, and the user is encouraged to explore the [OpenWrt website](#).

### Web GUI

The Web GUI can be accessed in any web browser at `https://<IP ADDRESS>` (port 443). Note that the web browser uses a self-signed certificate. This means that connection to the web browser is encrypted, but not authenticated. The first time you access the Smart Radio from a new browser, you will get a SSL certificate warning. It is okay to ignore the warning and proceed.

### SSH

It is possible to remotely retrieve network information using the GUI by logging into the Smart Radio with a web browser at the ETH0 IP address, or over the command line using a combination of SSH and Linux command-line utilities. Please refer to Appendix A for some examples.

### JSON-RPC API

If you plan on integrating remote network retrieval into an application, then the JSON-RPC API may be useful. For a typical application, there are two types of interactions you would normally make with the Smart Radio. Firstly you may want to reconfigure

certain basic operating parameters such as the operating channel or operating bandwidth. Secondly, you may want to retrieve current network status such as RSSI. In the first case, we recommend you use the UCI system, and for the second case, you will need to execute specific programs in the radio such as iwinfo, iw, or batctl.

For detailed descriptions on how to use the JSON-RPC API, please refer to the Appendix B.

## **SNMP**

The Smart Radio also supports the SNMP protocol. Please refer to Appendix C for more details on using the SNMP.

## Appendix A – Using SSH

The followings are some examples of remotely executing a command via SSH to obtain network information from the node.

```
ssh root@10.223.134.70 'iw wlan0 info'
```

Lists the current configuration of wlan0

```
ssh root@10.223.134.70 'iw wlan0 station dump'
```

shows connection information to all currently connected stations.

```
ssh root@10.223.134.70 'iw wlan0 list'
```

shows the capabilities of the wlan0 interface. An example output is shown below.

```
root@LEDE:~# iw dev wlan0 info
Interface wlan0
    ifindex 13
    wdev 0x7
    addr 00:30:1a:4e:86:46
    type mesh point
    wiphy 0
    channel 12 (915 MHz), width: 20 MHz, center1: 915 MHz
    txpower 32.00 dBm
```

## Appendix B – Using the JSON-RPC API

For detailed descriptions on how to use the JSON-RPC API, please refer to the following links:

<https://openwrt.org/docs/techref/ubus>

<https://github.com/openwrt/luci/wiki/JsonRpcHowTo>

The listings below, along with additional scripts and packages can be found here:

<https://doodlelabs.com/wp-content/uploads/json-rpc-API.zip>

In order to access the radio, you first need to set the permissions for your user profile (to be created next). Create a new profile `/usr/share/rpcd/acl.d/superuser.json` like the one below.

```
{
  "superuser": {
    "description": "Super user access role",
    "read": {
      "ubus": {
        "*": [ "*" ]
      },
      "uci": [ "*" ],
      "file": {
        "*": [ "*" ]
      }
    },
    "write": {
      "ubus": {
        "*": [ "*" ]
      },
      "uci": [ "*" ],
      "file": {
        "*": [ "*" ]
      },
      "cgi-io": [ "*" ]
    }
  }
}
```

Next, create a user profile in `/etc/config/rpcd`, and then restart the process with `/etc/init.d/rpcd restart`. An example profile is shown below.

## Configuration Guide

---

```
config login
  option username 'root'
  option password '$p$root'
  list read 'superuser'
  list write 'superuser'
```

The API is now ready to be used. You should adjust the user profile and permissions to your liking. The permissions above could pose a security risk. In order to use API, you need to get a session ID and use it for subsequent requests. For ubus, for example, you can try the following call,

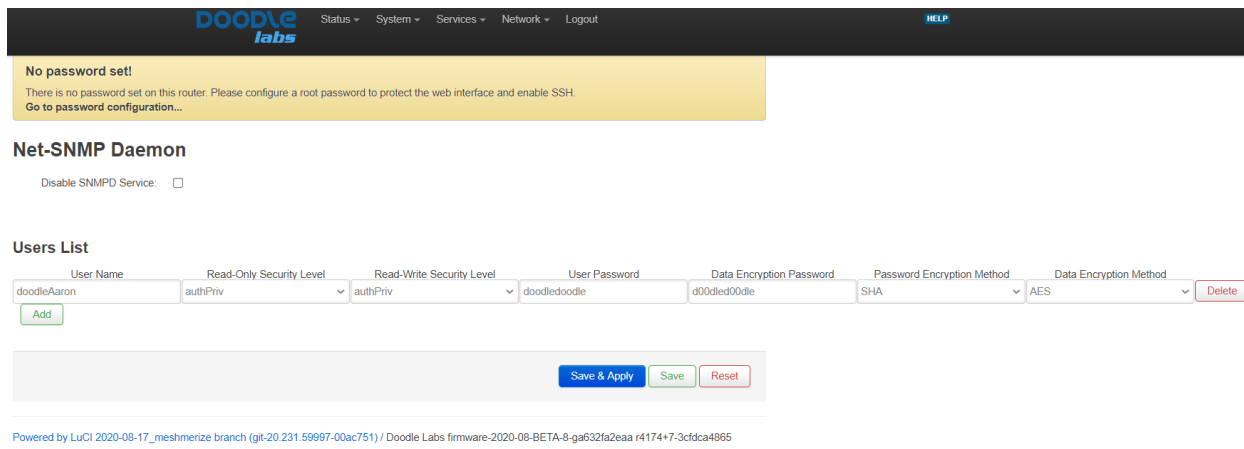
```
curl -k https://<IP-ADDRESS>/ubus -d '
{
  "jsonrpc": "2.0",
  "id": 1,
  "method": "call",
  "params": [ "00000000000000000000000000000000", "session", "login", { "username":
"root", "password": "secret" } ]
}'
```

the -k option is required because the Smart Radio doesn't use a third party certificate authority. An example of using JSON-RPC API for file access is shown below. Substitute <TOKEN> with the value returned above.

```
curl -k https://<IP-ADDRESS>/ubus -d '
{
  "jsonrpc": "2.0",
  "id": 1,
  "method": "call",
  "params": [ "<TOKEN>", "file", "read", { "path": "/etc/board.json" } ]
}'
```

## Appendix C – Using SNMP

In order to enable SNMP, navigate to services→SNMPD in the web GUI. Uncheck Disable SNMPD Service, and fill in the table. Finally click Save & Apply.



**Net-SNMP Daemon**

Disable SNMPD Service:

**Users List**

User Name	Read-Only Security Level	Read-Write Security Level	User Password	Data Encryption Password	Password Encryption Method	Data Encryption Method	
doodleAaron	authPriv	authPriv	doodledoodle	d00dled00dle	SHA	AES	Delete

Buttons: Add, Save & Apply, Save, Reset

Powered by LuCI 2020-08-17\_meshmenze branch (git-20.231.59697-00ac751) / Doodle Labs firmware-2020-08-BETA-8-ga632fa2eaa r4174+7-3cfda4865

With SNMP enabled, we can test it using the program snmpwalk in Linux. The listing below shows an example test script.

```
#!/bin/sh
IPADDR="10.223.255.46"
USRNAME="doodleAaron"
USRPASS="doodledoodle"
DATAPASS="d00dled00dle"
```

```
./snmpwalk -m ALL -M ./ -v 3 -u $USRNAME -l authPriv -a SHA -A $USRPASS -x AES -X $DATAPASS $IPADDR 1.3.6.1.3.12314
```

Modify the user login information in snmpwalk.sh using the information you used in the web GUI setup. The MIB is defined in /usr/lib/luasmithsnmpd/mibs/wifi.lua and needs to be modified to be able to support the information defined in WIFI-MIB.txt. WIFI-MIB.txt is shown below, and more listings are available here:

<https://www.dropbox.com/sh/irl7e168b05i10p/AADwJvyguPvMIMvXeIpuA-5wa?dl=0>

```
WIFI-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

--
-- MIB objects for WiFi statistics
--

IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Integer32    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
;

wifiStats MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202005111200Z"
    ORGANIZATION "www.doodlelabs.com"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "email: tech_support@doodlelabs.com"
    DESCRIPTION
        "MIB objects for WiFi statistics"
    REVISION    "202005111200Z"
    DESCRIPTION
        "First draft"
    ::= { 1 3 6 1 3 12314 }

--
-- top level structure
--

wifilFsTable    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wifiStats 1 }
connTable      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wifiStats 2 }

--
-- wifilFsTable structure
--
ifaceName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      String
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Name of the WIFI interface"
    DEFVAL { NaN }
    ::= { wifilFsTable 1 1 }
```

## ESSID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX String  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"ESSID of the WIFI interface"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 2 }

## BSSID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX String  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"BSSID of the WIFI interface"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 3 }

## mode OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX String  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Mode of the WIFI interface"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 4 }

## txpower OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"TX power of the WIFI interface in dBm"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 5 }

## signal OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Signal of the WIFI interface in dBm"



```
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 6 }
```

```
noise OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Noise of the WIFI interface in dBm"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 7 }
```

```
channel OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Channel of the WIFI interface"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 8 }
```

```
frequency OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX String  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Frequency of the WIFI interface in GHz"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 9 }
```

```
bandwidth OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Bandwidth of the WIFI interface in MHz"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { wifilFsTable 1 10 }
```

```
connections OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION
```

## Configuration Guide

```
"Amount of devices connected to the WIFI interface"
DEFVAL { NaN }
::= { wifilFsTable 1 11 }

--
-- connections structure
--
ifaceName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      String
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Name of the interface from which the connection statistics are displayed"
    DEFVAL { NaN }
    ::= { connTable 1 1 }

deviceMAC OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      String
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "MAC address of the connected device"
    DEFVAL { NaN }
    ::= { connTable 1 2 }

signal OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Signal value of the device in dBm"
    DEFVAL { NaN }
    ::= { connTable 1 3 }

signalAvg OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Average signal value of the device in dBm"
```

```
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 4 }
```

```
inactiveTime OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Inactive time of the device in ms"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 5 }
```

```
connectedTime OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Connected time of the device in s"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 6 }
```

```
rxBytes OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Rx bytes of the device"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 7 }
```

```
rxPackets OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Rx packets of the device"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 8 }
```

```
txBytes OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Tx bytes of the device"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 9 }
```

```
txPackets OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Tx packets of the device"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 10 }
```

```
txRetries OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Tx retries"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 11 }
```

```
txFailed OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Tx fails"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 12 }
```

```
rxDropMisc OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"Rx drop misc"  
DEFVAL { NaN }  
::= { connTable 1 13 }
```

```
txBitrate OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX String  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"Tx bitrate of the device"

DEFVAL { NaN }

::= { connTable 1 14 }

## rxBitrate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX String

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"Rx bitrate of the device"

DEFVAL { NaN }

::= { connTable 1 15 }

END